



About Me

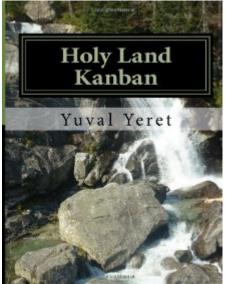
 Senior Kanban/Agile Consultant / CTO @ www.AgileSparks.com

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Speaking soon at:











What is Agile all about?





http://www.faculty.umb.edu/gary_zabel



"The RIGHT thing" is a hard to nail moving target



time" IT Director in a major telco



The IT Applications Development and Maintenance Expectations & Landscape

Deliver more with less

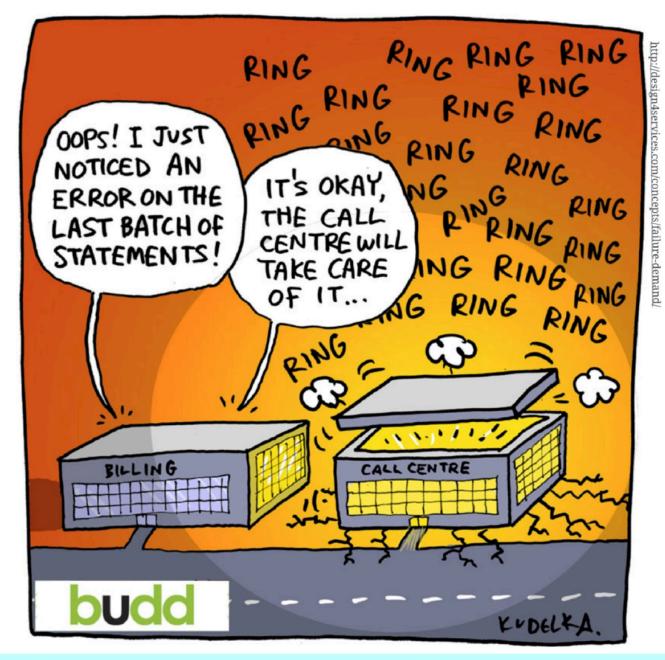
Achieve high uptimes with less







When do you celebrate/relax? Handoff or actual finish line?



So don't be surprised if people optimize accordingly

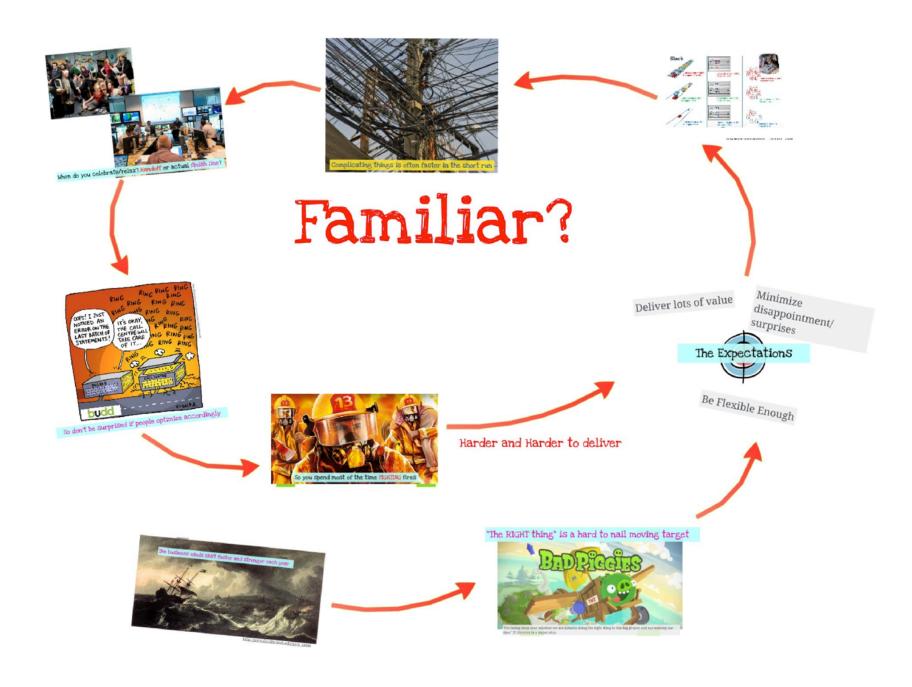
Lucy & the Chocolate Factory



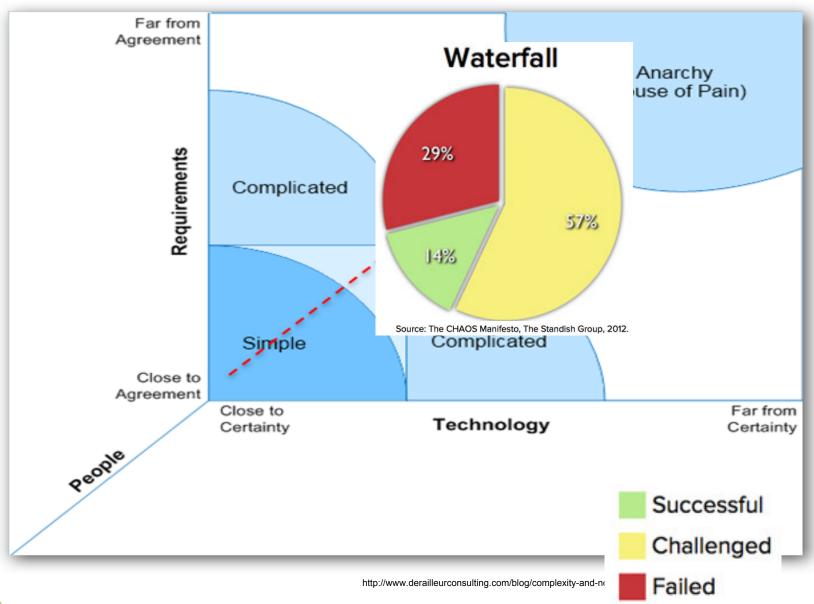
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FGfplQ1FUFs







We live in uncertain times...



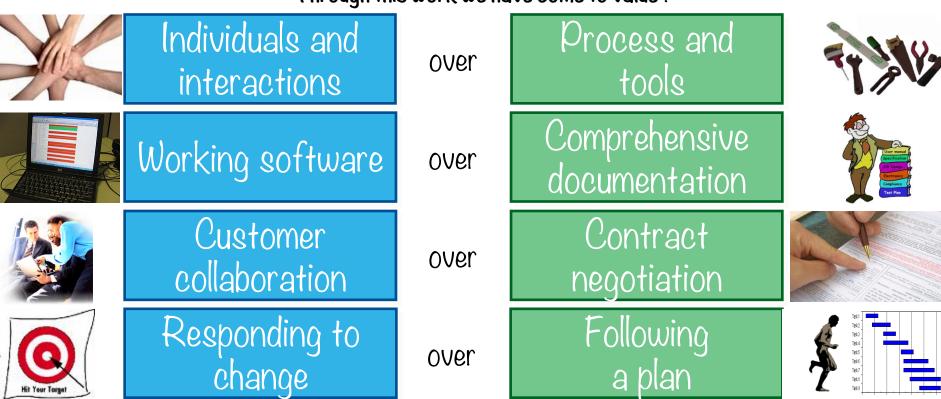


We need approaches that embrace uncertainty/complexity



We are uncovering better ways of developing software by doing it and helping others do it.

Through this work we have come to value:



While there is value in the terms on the right We value the items on the left more http://www.agilemanifesto.org)

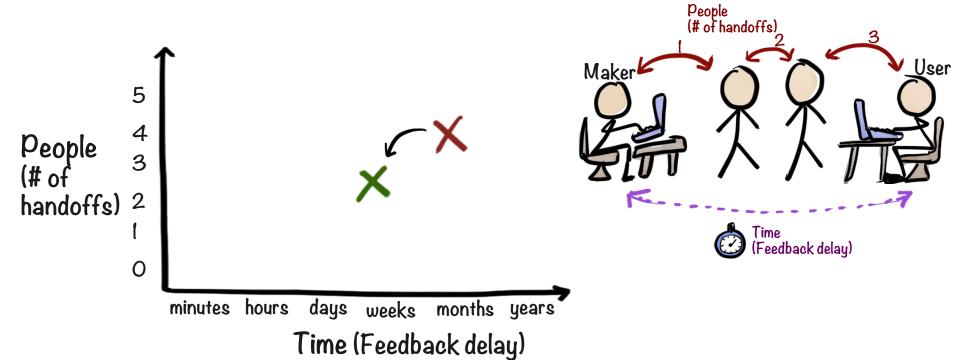


Principles behind the Agile Manifesto

- Our highest priority is to satisfy the customer through early and continuous delivery of valuable software.
- Welcome changing requirements, even late in development. Agile processes harness change for the customer's competitive advantage.
- Deliver working software frequently, from a couple of weeks to a couple of months, with a preference to the shorter timescale.
- Business people and developers must work together daily throughout the project.
- Build projects around motivated individuals. Give them the environment and support they need, and trust them to get the job done.
- The most efficient and effective method of conveying information to and within a development team is face-to-face conversation.

- Working software is the primary measure of progress.
- Agile processes promote sustainable development. The sponsors, developers, and users should be able to maintain a constant pace indefinitely.
- Continuous attention to technical excellence and good design enhances agility.
- Simplicity—the art of maximizing the amount of work not done—is essential.
- The best architectures, requirements, and designs emerge from self-organizing teams.
- At regular intervals, the team reflects on how to become more effective, then tunes and adjusts its behavior accordingly.

Minimize distance between Maker and User



History of key Lean/Agile Frameworks

Kanban - 2010s
Evolve into Lean/
Agile
Focus on the flow



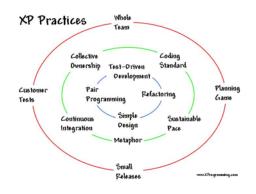


Scrum - 2000s Jump into Lean/Agile Still the leading classic agile approach

Extreme Programming - 90s

Lean/Agile Engineering practices

Bring in the right practices at the right time, but ignore at your own risk!

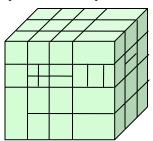




Scrum in a nutshell

Split your organization

Split your product

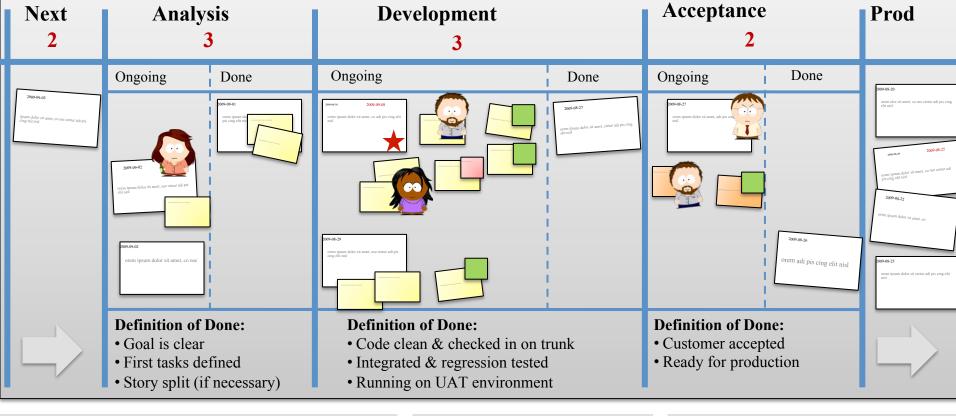


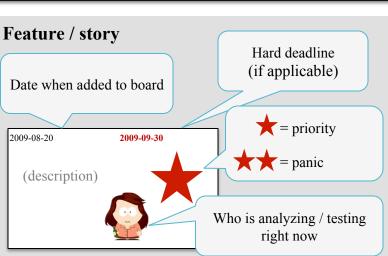
Large group spending a long time building a huge thing Small team spending a little time building a small thing ... but integrating regularly to see the whole

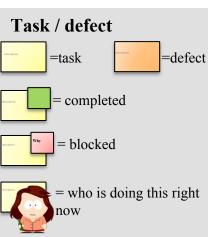
Optimize business value Split time January April



www.crisp.se/kanban/example





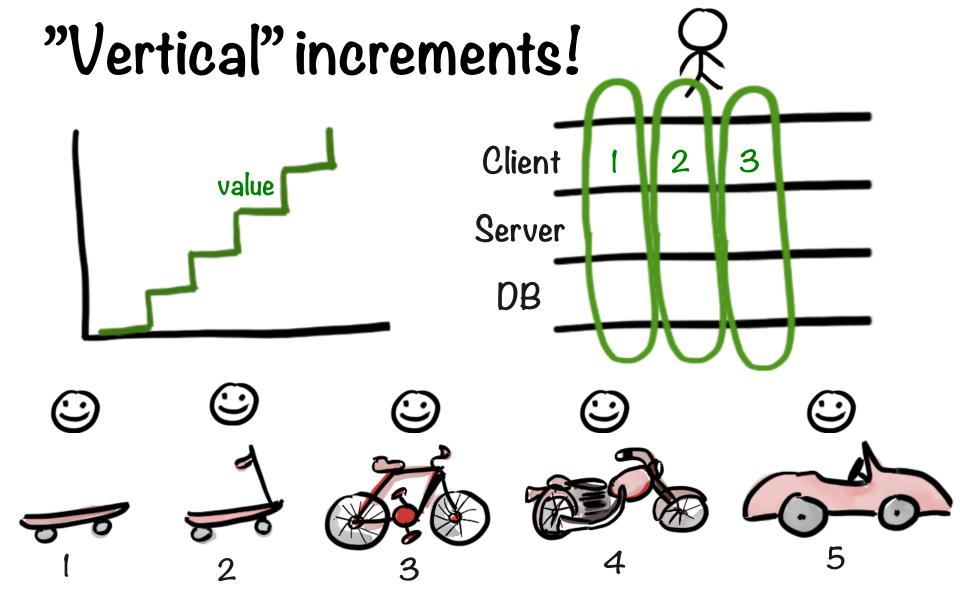


What to pull first

- Panicfeatures
 (should be swarmed and kept moving.
 Interrupt other work and break WIP
 limits as necessary)
- Priority features
- Hard deadline features

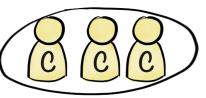
 (only if deadline is at risk)
- Oldest features

Not "horizontal" increments Client Server value DB

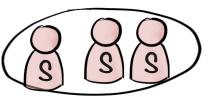


Ideally – use Feature Teams

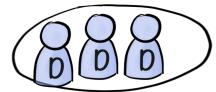
Client team



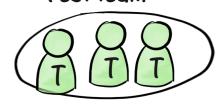
Server team



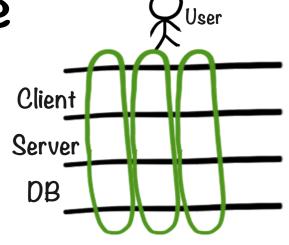
DB team

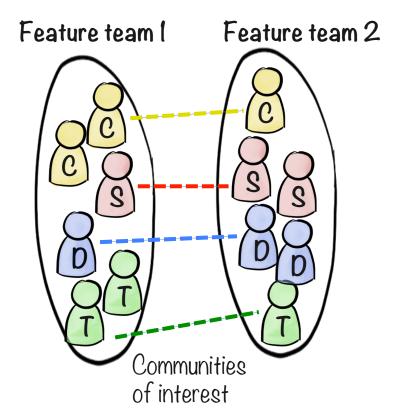


Test team





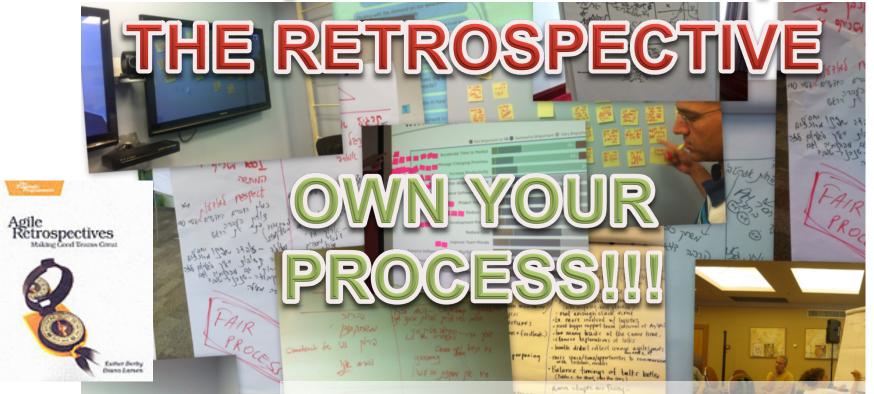




Henrik Kniberg

AgileSparks

The most important feedback loop:



At regular intervals, the team reflects on how to become more effective, then tunes and adjusts its behavior accordingly."

Agile Manifesto principle

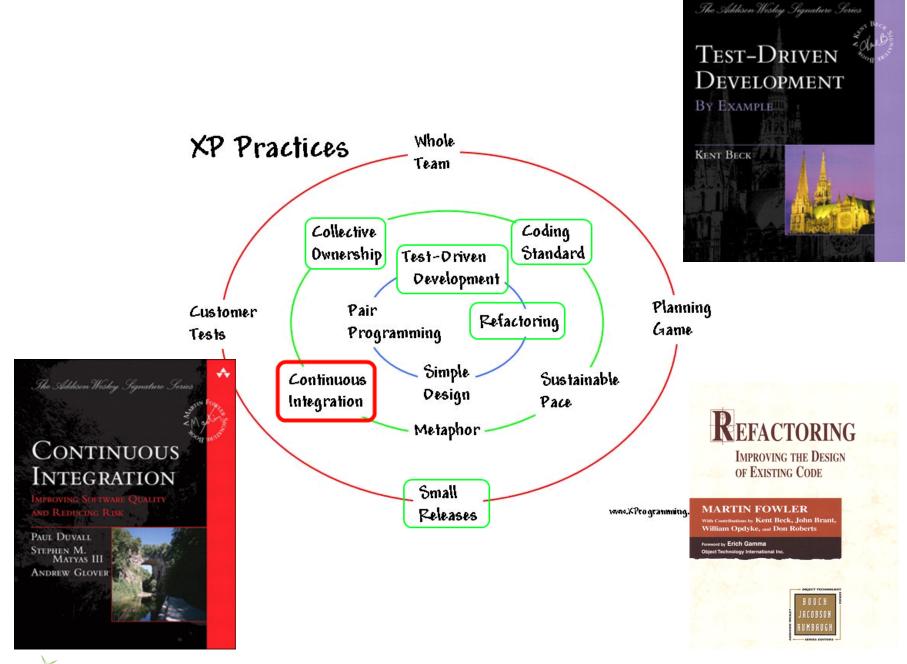


Changes that Agile will drive:

- Infrastructure Investments (release automation, test automation, etc)
- Evolve the organizational (new roles, cross-functional teams, etc.)
- New skills (Vertical story-slicing, agile architecture, XP engineering practices, retrospectives, etc)
- New habits
 (Frequent customer interaction, frequent release, less specialization)
- Transparency
 (problems and uncertainty painfully visible rather than

What will happen if we don't do this?

But no need to do it all at once



Visualize & Manage the Flow

Visualize main Work types (using Kanban Board or similar) to create flow

Definition of what Done (Working Tested Software) means is clear and adhered to ("DoD") so real flow is measured and so exceptions drive

- scussion/improvement.
 Visualize who is working on what in order to be aware of level of multi tasking and dependency on specific people.
- Commitment to finishing work over starting new (eventually reaching a WIP level that "feels OK" for the team) to start to "weakly" constrain and Use flow diagrams/charts (e.g. CFDs) to provide predictability and insight into

- Visualize and focus on blocked work so major flow efficiency issues are
- Awareness of Work Types and Work Items and differences in handling, in order to enable expectation setting with different stakeholders for different needs &
- allow people to make intelligent flow decisions according to the context
- 10. Visualize work variability and seek to reduce it (e.g. using Cycle Time Control uncertainty about velocity/cycle times enabling more aggressive planning
- 12. Next is re-prioritized continuously (no commitment in Next)- Deferred Pull

Ready for work" means is clear and adhered to in order to Regular Lessons Cearned events work occupying the WIP

Griegines by by the rests that felocity from 'Next'/prioritization of WIP) are clear to everyone and adhered to so that most decisions can be decentralized and made raster as well as driving discussion about not to work and resulting in

45. Capacity is aliculated to investment the message work in process limits so that it is iposslibtectore insuprecountain in was traiting in each theme.

Actionable Improvement Work is visualized

- Leaders are aware of the current operational capabilities (may require
- Team/Group knows the current process
- challenge they are targeting Team/Group knows what obstacles are preventing them from overcoming the current process challenge, what is currently being addressed and how
- Team/Group allocates capacity/time slots for improvement work
- Team/Group uses models to look at their condition and suggest experiments

Agile Depth

Team: Sky1

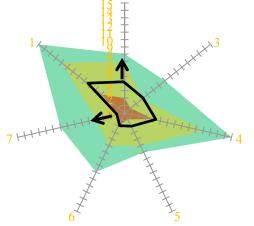
Date: Sep 2013

2. Business Value Driven Development

Product owner sees working software frequently and uses the feedback to adapt the scope/timeline plan

Work items are integrative and testable cross-cutting across the architecture if necessary (e.g. User Stories). Done = Deployable and Performant/Secure, enabling real feedback/ Work items are integrative testable & SMALL - can be delivered in days thereby tightening 3

- Requirements that are Hypothesis are validated Using MVP/MVF in a fast learning loop that includes Beta/Early Access programs or Continuous Delivery, in order to enable safe/cheapto-fail experiments about risky but worthy ideas.
- Feature Usefulness and Successfulness is evaluated as part of the development lifecycle. Learning is applied to improve the feature and future ideas.
- Frequent Delivery to real users up to 8 weeks apart
- Continuous Delivery work items are deployed/activated/validated as part of the work life cycle - in a matter of hours/days thereby minimizing the work done without feedback that it is in the right direction



6. Empowered Teams and Individuals

Choose tasks to pull, where to focus

Daily planning meetings (a.k.a. Standups) are used by people to manage their day to day work (instead of work scheduled by supervisors and pushed onto them) Autonomy - People have a high degree of control over the project day 2 day execution -

Reason/Intent is communicated as part of every requirement/work item, to increase motivation as well as empower people to do the right thing for the context rather than blindly follow

- People pull to capacity by using Team Estimation approaches or just pull to WIP
- Autonomy People have a high degree of control over their personal & professional destiny
- The behavior that is incentivized (formally and informally) is aligned with lean/agile thinking - Flow, Improvement, Trust, Whole Team, Low WIP, Safe to fail experiments, etc.
- People work in small teams (not more than 10, ideally around 5-7) enabling good
- communication and direct collaboration as well as effe Managers are pro-actively and methodically seeking v individuals as a way to enable faster decisions as well

9 People are given opportunity to improve their mastery People can shape their work environment – technologic

3. Individuals & Interactions

Feedback Loops All people involved in a work item work on it more or less in the same time period (Developers, Testers, Functional/ Product) minimizing the overhead/waste from context

switching/recalling past work. All people involved in a work item (even across silos) can

faster decisions and more scalable operation. People working together act as a team with shared

accountability to end to end delivery thereby decisions are Significant aspects of goals and rewards are oriented towards

team performance/goals (rather than individual performance) driving collaboration not just individualism.

Team environment is as collaboration friendly as possible

Individuals are involved in performance feedback of the people they are working with, to encourage teamwork

4. Engineering Practices

There is a clear definition of what "Coding Done" means and people are working according to it People are expected to write SOLID/CLEAN code and estimations reflect

Automation coverage is planned and implemented as an integral part of production code implementation Defects created as part of new development are fixed as early as possible

and in any case before considering that work item as done There is a Test Automation Pyramid strategy guiding Automation coverage

decisions (Preference to Unit Tests>>API tests>>UI tests) People are expected to refactor smelly code as part of "Coding Done" and estimations reflect it

Functional Design is specified Test-Driven (ATDD/BDD)

Sustained or improved code coverage is verified at build time using code coverage analysis tools (e.g. Sonar)

Team is pro-actively and methodically improving collective ownership All code is reviewed in small batches, gaps are closed within hours

People have access to the tools they need to do effective SW engineering

12. A prioritized backlog of Technical Debt (ugly code, missing tests, etc.) is available and capacity is allocated to reducing it

13. Team maintains a high level of Collective ownership - most tasks can be pulled

by many members of the team without a major effect on efficiency 14. Technical Code Design is Test-Driven (TDD)

15. Regression cycle costs days at most (due to high level of automation)

5. Build & Deployment

- Continuous Integration automatic build running at least nightly
- All code and artifacts are versioned using a single scheme
- Build is trigged automatically upon code checked in
- Automated regression tests run as part of build and give a green/red binary answer (no need for analysis to determine success/failure)

http://www.slideshare.net/vyeret/leanagile-depth-assessment

The AgileSparks Way

PLAN & INITIATE

ROLLOUT

IMPROVE



Understand Pains

Establish Goals for Agile Initiative

Management Workshop









Agile Initiative Steering Forum

Run Agile Initiative using Agile

CLOSURE AgileSparks Moving to Pull Mode

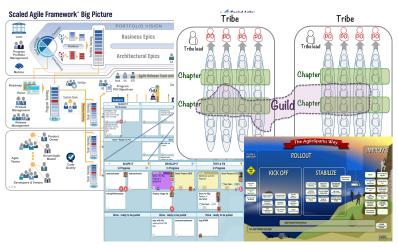


Current Trends - Spring 2014...

DevOps

Aiming to break the legacy conflict between Dev & Ops by leveraging lean/agile thinking/practices as well as strong automation-focused tooling





Patterns for Scaling Agile

Frameworks enabling agility from demand to delivery, across programs and portfolios – based on experiences scaling agile in recent years

Safety/Anzeneering

Protecting people as a core focus area to drive cultural change - Protecting people underlies every

Lean or Agile practice. Reduce Technical Debt,

Sustainable Pace, Empower people, etc.





What is DevOps?

- Working together across Silos with the same goals and same measures of success/failure
- Providing modern working tools that enable smooth collaboration and frequent delivery of value all the way from ideation to production and operation
- If Agile is about better collaboration and flow between Business and the Dev side of IT, DevOps extends that to the Ops side as well.
- You will hear 'terms like Continuous Delivery/ Deployment, Infrastructure as Code, Environments as a service



Tech Safety

consider these common injuries to software makers:

- Alteration Anxiety: apprehensive uneasiness associated with making changes
- Antique Agony: mental anguish from working with old technology
- Brain Hernia: straining your brain to understand code with high conceptual weight
- Browser Bruise: pain caused by the blow of a browser bug
- Bug Burn: feeling burned by a defect, particularly one that injured users
- Fractured Flow: feeling interrupted causing an inability to focus
- Fragility Frustration: dissatisfaction with that which is easily and perpetually broken
- Merge Misery: suffering caused by difficult merges of code
- Outage Ordeal: severe stress caused by a major failure or interruption Release Rage: exhausting, manual release to production that robs one of family time, sleep, joy
- Schedule Stress: tension associated with a deadline



Anzeneering???

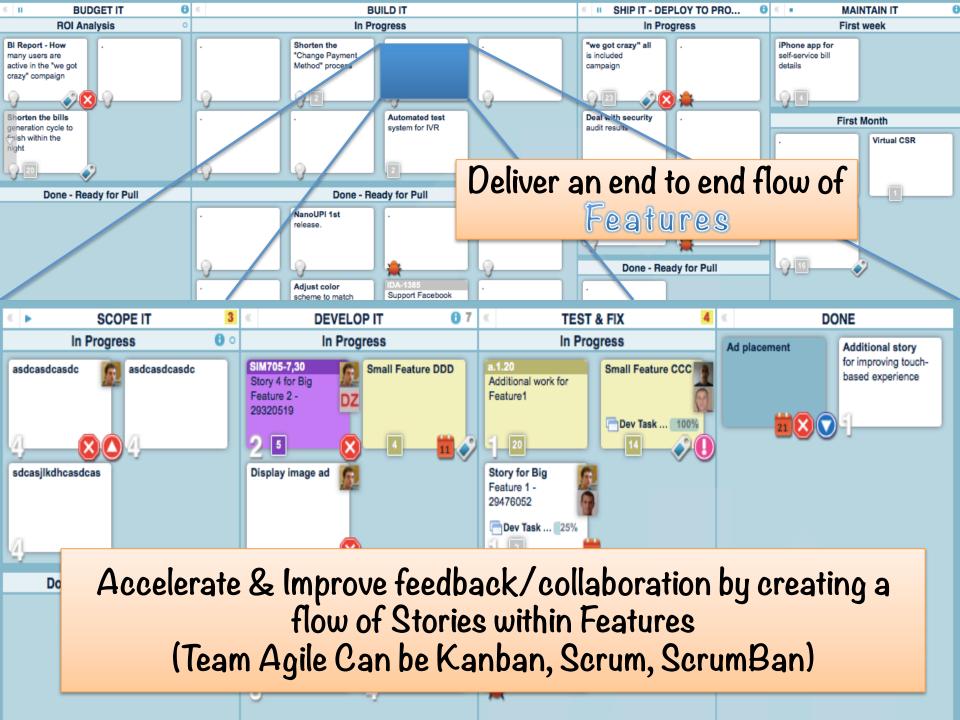
- · Knowledge Work Lean/Agile
 - Kanban protects us from bottlenecks and decreased flow via visualized work, limited work-in-process and classes of service.
 - Scrum Teams w/ Self Organization Effective Delegation / Decentralized Control protect us from micro-management and frustration of being stuck waiting for answers
 - Sustainable pace protects us from burnout, poor health and isolation.
 - Retrospectives protect us from repeating the same mistakes.
- Product Development / R&D Lean Agile Specifically
 - Continuous deployment protects us from stressful, error-prone releases while enabling safe, high-speed production improvements.
 - Extreme Programming's technical practices protect us from complexity, stress and defects via simple design, automated testing, continuous builds, test-driven development, refactoring and pair-programming.
 - Lean UX protects us from poor user experiences via interaction design and usability evaluations.
 - Lean Startups protect our time and money via minimum viable products/ features, validated learning and innovation accounting.



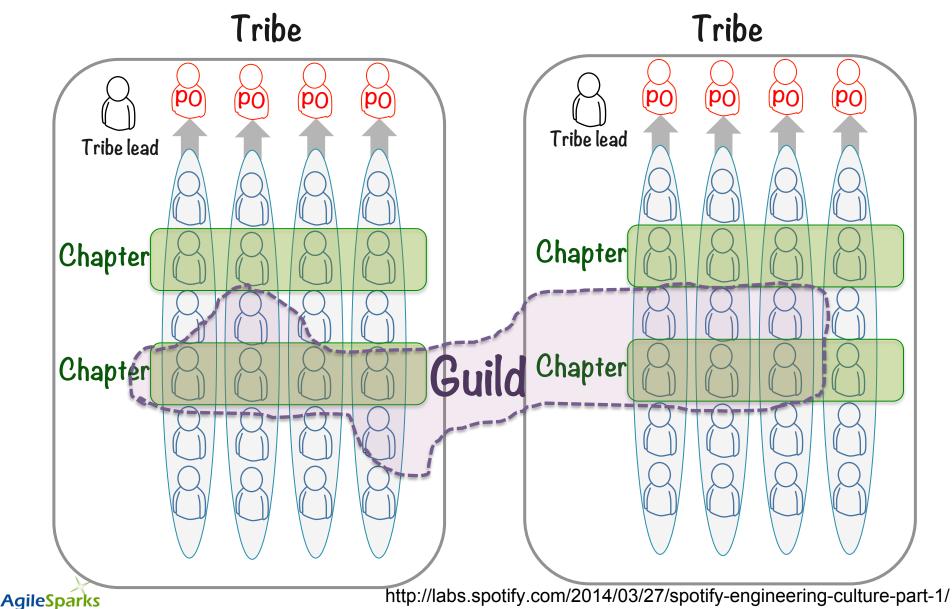
Some scaling examples

Inbar will talk about SAFe as an alternative





Agile Teams at Scale - The Spotify Model



key Lean/Agile Frameworks

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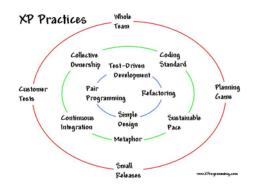




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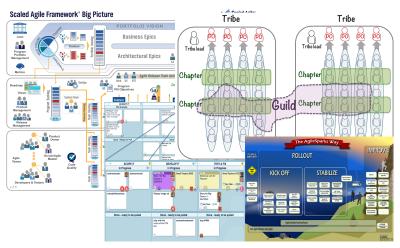




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Summary

- Understand WHY you want to be more agile, rally your people around this reason and INVITE them to join you on the journey
 - Deal with Stress? Improve Safety? Business Agility? Improve productivity? Quality?
- Understand WHAT are your options
 - Scrum? Kanban? SAFe? Revolution? Evolution? Start with engineering practices? Add them on the way?
- Plan to learn and adapt along the way use agile to become agile
- · Relatively simple to understand, Non-trivial to practice.



AgileSparks

- Sparking Sustainable Delivery and Improvement Approaches that help organizations deliver more value while enjoying the journey
- Inspire others to improve their way of working by helping them invite new exciting relevant and useful ways of thinking and doing into their context in a way that focuses on value and is sticky and sustainable
- Public Training Exposing the community to exciting new ways to improve work and creating the practitioner community to support introduction and usage of those approaches inside organizations
- Planning, Training, On the job coaching and supporting improvement programs

Contact us at www.agilesparks.com
 info@agilesparks.com



Agile Israel

SCALING UP



הכנס המרכזי של ישראל נערך זו השנה השביעית ברציפות ומביא לקהילה הישראלית ההולכת וגדלה את החידושים האחרונים לצד סיפורי לקוח מעוררי השראה.

Save the Date | 26.05.2014 | דיויד אינטרקונטיננטל, ת"א

המרצה המרכזי השנה יהיה Dean Leffingwell, אבי שינות אהמרצה המרכזי השנה יהיה SAFe - the Scaled Agile Framework של תהליכי אנ"ייל בארגונים ב-SAFe היא ההתמודדות עם "התמונה הגדולה" והתמיכה המובנית בביצוע Scale של תהליכי אנ"ייל בארגונים גדולים. זוהי מתודולוגיה קוהרנטית ומפורטת שמחברת את כל חלקי הארגון ותהליכי הפיתוח, מרמת צוותי הפיתוח, דרך רמת הפרוייקט ועד לרמת הפורטפוליו. השיטה זוכה להתעניינות עצומה בארץ ובעולם ומאומצת בחום על ידי ארגונים מובילים דוגמת אינטל, סיסקו. Yahoo ועוד.

בשבוע הכנס יעביר Leffingwell סדנת הסמכה SPC מטעם ארגון ה

בכנס יוצגו סיפורי הצלחה מעוררי השראה מהארץ ומחו"ל. ה-Case Study המרכזי יוצג על ידי חברת בכנס יוצגו סיפור הצלחה מדהים שמראה מה יכולה חברה להשיג על ידי הטמעת אג'ייל מוצלחת. בנוסף, לקוחות יספרו על ניסיונם עם כלי אג'ייל, תהליכי Dev-Ops, ועוד.

לנרשמים עד סוף השנה הנחה של 30%

AgileSparks

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